

Summary of Lecture 11

- Boson/Fermion Field Operators (position basis)

$$[\hat{\psi}(\vec{r}), \hat{\psi}^\dagger(\vec{r}')]_{\mp} = \delta(\vec{r} - \vec{r}') \quad [\hat{\psi}(\vec{r}), \hat{\psi}(\vec{r}')]_{\mp} = [\hat{\psi}^\dagger(\vec{r}), \hat{\psi}^\dagger(\vec{r}')]_{\mp} = 0$$

- Density operator $\hat{\rho}(\vec{r}) = \hat{\psi}^\dagger(\vec{r})\hat{\psi}(\vec{r})$

- Single-particle density matrix $g(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') = \langle \hat{\psi}^\dagger(\vec{r})\hat{\psi}(\vec{r}') \rangle$

- Density-density correlations

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \hat{\rho}(\vec{r})\hat{\rho}(\vec{r}') \rangle &= \langle \hat{\psi}^\dagger(\vec{r})\hat{\psi}^\dagger(\vec{r}')\hat{\psi}(\vec{r}')\hat{\psi}(\vec{r}) \rangle + \delta(\vec{r} - \vec{r}')\langle \hat{\psi}^\dagger(\vec{r})\hat{\psi}(\vec{r}) \rangle \\ &= \langle :\hat{\rho}(\vec{r})\hat{\rho}(\vec{r}') : \rangle + \delta(\vec{r} - \vec{r}')\langle \rho(\vec{r}) \rangle \end{aligned}$$

This Lecture (12)

- Two-body operators and Interactions
- Bose-Hubbard Model
- Bogoliubov Transformation

Summary of Lecture 12

- Two-body operators

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \neq j} U(\vec{r}_i, \vec{r}_j) \longrightarrow \frac{1}{2} \int d\vec{r} d\vec{r}' \hat{\psi}^\dagger(\vec{r}) \hat{\psi}^\dagger(\vec{r}') \hat{\psi}(\vec{r}') \hat{\psi}(\vec{r}) U(\vec{r}, \vec{r}')$$

- Bose Hubbard model $\hat{H} = -J \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle} \hat{a}_i^\dagger \hat{a}_j + \frac{U}{2} \sum_i \hat{n}_i (\hat{n}_i - 1)$

- Bose-Einstein condensate $|\text{BEC}\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N!}} \left(\hat{a}_0^\dagger \right)^N |\text{vac}\rangle$

- Mott Insulator $|\text{Mott}\rangle = \prod_i \hat{a}_i^\dagger |\text{vac}\rangle$

- Bogoliubov Theory $\hat{H}_B = \sum_k^i \tilde{\epsilon}_k \hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_k + \frac{Un}{2} \sum_k \left(\hat{a}_k^\dagger \hat{a}_{-k}^\dagger + \hat{a}_{-k} \hat{a}_k \right)$

- Time of flight, Interference & the single-particle density matrix

Next Lecture (13)

- Density Operators